

# Morphology Suffixes and Prefixes Workbook

Produced by Nathaniel Hansford for Pedagogy Non Grata



### Rule

The prefix 'im' means 'not'. If a word starts with a 'p' or 'm' sound, the prefix 'in-' changes to 'im-' to make it easier to say. That's why words like 'immature' use a double 'm'.

Examples			
Examples: imperfect immor	al immature		
Words to Practice			
patient			
possible			
logical			
movable			
perfect			
Underline the morph	mes in the foll	owing words	
immature			
improper			
immobile			
immortal			
imbalanced			



The prefix 'ad' means 'to' or 'toward'.

## **Examples**

adjoin admire

## **Words to Practice**

here	
dress	
just	
apt	
join	

## Underline the morphemes in the following words

admit	
advocate	
adventure	
adopt	
adjoin	



Rule The prefix 'com' means 'with' or 'together'.	
Examples	
complete communicate	
Words to Practice	
pile	
press	
bine	
pete	
promise	
Underline the morphemes in the following words	
communicate	
complete	
compose	
compete	

compress



## Rule

telegraph

telescope

The prefix 'tele' comes from a Greek word meaning 'far away'.

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Examples			
telescope telecast			
<b>Words to Practice</b>			
vision			
port			
graph			
conference			
market			
Underline the morpheme	es in the following	words	
television			
telecast			
teleport			



### Rule

The suffix '-ion' is added to verbs to create nouns related to the action or state of that verb.



### Rule

baggage

The suffix '-age' usually refers to a collection, set, or group of things.

Examples	
baggage breakage	
Words to Practice	
pack	
shrink	
store	
drain	
link	
Underline the morphemes in the following	words
parentage	
breakage	
marriage	
drainage	



## Rule

The suffix '-y' is often used to make adjectives from nouns. These words describe the state or quality of something.

Examples	
dusty stormy	
Words to Practice	
mud	
nair	
nealth	
thirst	
greed	
Underline the morphemes in the following words	
stormy	
dusty	
angry	
asty	
sunny	



### Rule

The suffix '-ward' can be used to indicate a direction in space or time.

<b>Examples</b>
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forward	onward
Words t	o Dract

## **Words to Practice**

up	
down	
sea	
west	
north	

## Underline the morphemes in the following words

forward		
afterward		
onward		
seaward		
backward		



### Rule

collector

The suffix '-or' is typically added to verbs to make person or agent nouns.

Examples	
actor collector	
Words to Practice	
act	
direct	
govern	
create	
observe	
Underline the morphemes in the following words	
actor	
creator	
inspector	
director	



Rule The prefix 'mid' means 'middle	e'.	
Examples		
Examples: midday midtown		
<b>Words to Practice</b>		
century	_	
point		
stream		
section	-	
way		
Underline the morpheme	es in the following words	
midnight		
midbrain		
midway		
midtown		
midair		



overturn

overcooked

# Morphology Suffixes and Prefixes Workbook Prefix Practice

Rule The prefix 'over' can mean 'above' or 'beyond'.	
Examples	
Examples: overboard overdone	
Words to Practice	
cook	
ee	
hrow	
urn	
pay	
Inderline the morphemes in the following words	
overboard	
overdone	
overload	



# Spelling Test With a parent or teacher, test your spelling ability by writing down the words below: immature advocate communicate television validation baggage stormy forward actor midnight



#### **Answer Sheet**

Exercise 1: immature, improper, immobile, immortal, imbalanced

Exercise 2: admit, advocate, adventure, adopt, adjoin

Exercise 3: communicate, complete, compose, compete, compress

Exercise 4: television, telecast, teleport, telegraph, telescope

Exercise 5: validation, hydration, perfection, collection, education

Exercise 6: parentage, breakage, marriage, drainage, baggage

Exercise 7: stormy, dusty, angry, tasty, sunny

Exercise 8: forward, afterward, onward, seaward, backward

Exercise 9: actor, creator, inspector, director, collector

Exercise 10: midnight, midbrain, midway, midtown, midair

Exercise 11: overboard, overdone, overload, overturn, overcooked